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10/656,511	09/05/2003	Joseph Peter Robert Tosey	034300-490	8023
Robert E. Kreb	7590 05/11/2007 S		EXAM	INER
THELEN REIL	& PRIEST LLP		WHIPPLE	, BRIAN P
P.O. Box 64064 San Jose, CA 9	ADTIBUT DADED MINA		PAPER NUMBER	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
,	10/656,511	TOSEY, JOSEPH PETER ROBERT			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Brian P. Whipple	2152			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app		1			
Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be soluted as a reply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the specification to become ABANDON.	DN. timely filed m the mailing date of this communication. IED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>05 Sectors</u>	eptember 2003.				
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1955 C.D. 11, 4	493 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims		•			
4) Claim(s) 1-62 is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. . 6) Claim(s) <u>1-62</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are rejected.		·			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.				
A. Castina Banana		•			
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a) All b) Some * c) None of:					
<ul><li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li><li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li></ul>					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
application from the International Bureau					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
		•			
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail				
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)     Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)     Paper No(s)/Mail Date 02/02/05.		Date: I Patent Application			
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## **DETAILED ACTION**

1. Claims 1-62 are pending in this application and presented for examination.

2. The amendment received on 2/2/05 has been entered and made of record.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

- 3. Claims 1-2, 5, 8-11, 14, 17-20, 23, 26-34, 37, 39-43, 46, 49-53, 56, and 59-62 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Rigaldies et al. (Rigaldies), U.S. Patent No. 6,792,085 B1.
- 4. As to claim 1, Rigaldies discloses a method for managing the synchronization of an application database located on a first device with an application database located on a second device using a mail server (Abstract; Col. 4, In. 29-35 and 41-60; Col. 22, In. 21-23), comprising:

receiving information from the first device regarding every change made to the application database (Fig. 6; Col. 13, In. 43-60; Col. 15, In. 44-58; Col. 19, In. 40-57);

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storing said information in a mail folder corresponding to a user associated with the first device and the second device (Col. 10, In. 1-8; Col. 15, In. 59 – Col. 16, In. 6); and

forwarding said information from said mail folder to the second device upon receipt of a synchronization request from the second device (Fig. 2; Col. 12, In. 14-43).

- 5. As to claim 2, Rigaldies discloses said information includes a record for each change made to the application database since said last synchronization (Col. 18, In. 31-39; Col. 18, In. 61 Col. 19, In. 23).
- 6. As to claim 5, Rigaldies discloses said record for each change includes an identification of the record (Col. 18, In. 20-39; Col. 18, In. 61 Col. 19, In. 23; Col. 19, In. 40-57).
- 7. As to claim 8, Rigaldies discloses deleting said information from said mail folder after said forwarding (Col. 18, In. 31-39).
- 8. As to claims 9, 18, 27, 29, 31, 33, 41, 51, and 60-62, the claims are rejected for the same reasons as claim 1 above.
- 9. As to claim 10, Rigaldies discloses said uploading occurs in response to a request for synchronization on the first device (Fig. 2).

10. As to claim 11, Rigaldies discloses said downloading occurs in response to a request for synchronization on the second device (Col. 4, In. 41-60; Col. 12, In. 14-43).

- 11. As to claims 14, 23, 37, 46, and 56, the claims are rejected for the same reasons as claim 5 above.
- 12. As to claims 17, 26, 28, 30, 32, 39-40, 49-50, and 59, the claims are rejected for the same reasons as claim 8 above.
- 13. As to claims 19, 42, and 52, the claims are rejected for the same reasons as claim 10 above.
- 14. As to claims 20, 43, and 53, the claims are rejected for the same reasons as claim 11 above.
- 15. As to claim 34, the claim is rejected for the same reasons as claim 2 above.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 16. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the

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invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

- 17. Claims 3, 12, 21, 35, 44, and 54 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as anticipated by Rigaldies or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Rigaldies as applied to claims 2, 9, 18, 34, 41, and 51 above, in view of Christie et al. (Christie), U.S. Patent No. 5,757,669.
- 18. As to claim 3, Rigaldies may be interpreted as inherently disclosing said record for each change includes an identification of the device where the change took place as discussed in reference to parent claim 2 (Col. 18, In. 31-39; Col. 18, In. 61 Col. 19, In. 23). This is due to the fact that Rigaldies discloses synchronization between a single workstation and a single mobile phone. As a consequence, the user most know that any status change synchronization on one device is occurring to a change made by the other device (Abstract; Col. 4, In. 29-35 and 41-60). However, Rigaldies does not explicitly disclose that a record is kept of the device identifiers related to changes.

However, Christie does explicitly disclose said record for each change includes an identification of the device where the change took place (Col. 3, In. 47-49). Identification of a device responsible for changes in a networking environment is extremely well known in the networking and database management arts. Networking and database management rely heavily on the identification of devices responsible for actions, in order to facilitate management and communication between devices.

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The benefit of identifying the device responsible for a change in Christie is facilitating message forum communication (Col. 3, In. 26-35). The entity responsible for the creation of a message is vital in message forums.

This benefit is also of use in Rigaldies' environment. Electronic mail and voice messages are sent and received by a user. It is crucial that a record is kept by the identity of message senders. Additionally, a benefit of device identity being stored would be that each device (the mobile phone and workstation) in Rigaldies' environment could thus ensure that the end user is responsible for changes being made and that changes on messages are not coming from a hostile outside user. Thus both network communication and network security are benefits of identifying the creating entity in regards to electronic messages.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the teachings of Rigaldies by storing the identity of a device responsible for a change in a change record as taught by Christie in order to facilitate network communications and network security as discussed above.

- 19. As to claims 12, 21, 35, 44, and 54, the claims are rejected for the same reasons as claim 3 above.
- 20. Claims 4, 6, 13, 15, 22, 24, 36, 38, 45, 47, 55, and 57 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rigaldies as applied to claims 2, 9, 18, 34, 41, and 51 above, in view of LaRue et al. (LaRue), U.S. Patent No. 6,449,622 B1.

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21. As to claim 4, Rigaldies discloses the invention substantially as in parent claim 2, including a record for each change used to synchronize with the mail server (Col. 18, In. 31-39; Col. 18, In. 61 – Col. 19, In. 23), but is silent on said record for each change includes a time stamp indicating the time the record is synchronized with the server.

However, LaRue discloses said record for each change includes a time stamp indicating the time the record is synchronized with the server (Col. 32, In. 24-56).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the teachings of Rigaldies by recording a time stamp indicating the last time a record was synchronized with a server as taught by LaRue in order to compare change times between the server and the client in order to ensure that records are not obsolete (LaRue: Col. 32, In. 24-37).

- 22. As to claims 6, 13, 15, 22, 24, 36, 38, 45, 47, 55, and 57, the claims are rejected for the same reasons as claim 4 above.
- 23. Claims 7, 16, 25, 48, and 58 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rigaldies as applied to claims 2, 9, 18, 41, and 51, in view of Malik, U.S. Publication No. 2002/0065892 A1.
- 24. As to claim 7, Rigaldies discloses the invention substantially as in parent claim 2, including a record for each change associated with a change-action-queue record (Col.

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18, In. 31-39; Col. 18, In. 61 – Col. 19, In. 23), but is silent on said record for each change includes a location and identify of attachment documents.

However, Malik discloses said record for each change includes a location and identify of attachment documents ([0026] – [0028]).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the teachings of Rigaldies by including a location and identify of attachment documents in a record as taught by Malik in order to minimize the amount of duplicate copies of an identical attachment stored in a mail store (Malik: [0020]).

25. As to claims 16, 25, 48, and 58, the claims are rejected for the same reasons as claim 7 above.

## Conclusion

- 26. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. See the Notice of References Cited (PTO-892).
- 27. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brian P. Whipple whose telephone number is (571) 270-1244. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri (8:30 AM to 5:00 PM EST).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Bunjob Jaroenchonwanit can be reached on (571) 272-3913. The fax

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phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Brian P. Whipple 5/6/07

BUNJOB JAROENCHONWANIT SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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